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10/809,050	03/24/2004	Scott E. Dart	MSFT122098	5784	
26389 7590 11/26/2007 CHRISTENSEN, O'CONNOR, JOHNSON, KINDNESS, PLLC 1420 FIFTH AVENUE			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			ALVESTEFFER, STEPHEN D		
SUITE 2800 SEATTLE, WA	A 98101-2347		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
1		10/809,050	DART ET AL.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Stephen Alvesteffer	2173
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication apports Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
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Status			
1)[🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 So	entember 2007	
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·	Since this application is in condition for allowar		osecution as to the merits is
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under E	•	•
Disposit	ion of Claims		
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-9 and 11-23 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-9 and 11-23 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Applicat	ion Papers	•	
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	•
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	- · ·	
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•	•
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
• —	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents)-(d) or (f).
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		ion No
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receiv	ed in this National Stage
	application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	,
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.
Attachmer	nt(s)		
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	
3) Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This Office Action is responsive to the amendment filed June 12, 2007, found to be non-compliant and re-submitted with corrections September 7, 2007. Claims 1-9, 11-16, and 19-23 are amended. Claim 10 is cancelled. Claims 1, 13, and 23 are independent. Claims 1-9 and 11-23 remain pending.

Claim Objections

Claim 15 is objected to because of the following informalities: "wherein **the the** at least one graphical element" should read –wherein **the** at least one graphical element—. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-9 and 11-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Amadio et al. (hereinafter Amadio), United States Patent Application Publication number 2002/0075312, and Sullivan et al. (hereinafter Sullivan), United States Patent number 6,651,216.

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Regarding claim 1, Amadio teaches a method for reducing the amount of space occupied by a plurality of graphical elements including at least one graphical element having a filename when the plurality of graphical elements is rendered on a graphical user interface (see Amadio Figure 2 and paragraph [0006]; "Thumbnails, list, and icon views, for example, provide very minimal information about the item making it difficult for the user to identify the item and its properties. Details view, on the other hand, displays numerous properties for the item, typically more information than is required, resulting in wasted space in the view. In addition, details view displays the same properties for each. item regardless of the item type. For instance, in details view, the same properties would be displayed for a text file as a music file. Showing the author of the file may be pertinent for a text file but not for a music file. As a result, unimportant information is displayed", it is a goal of Amadio to reduce wasted space in the view by only displaying pertinent information about a file), comprising: determining for each graphical element of the plurality of graphical elements if a filename is or is not to be displayed with the graphical element when the graphical element is rendered, the determination being based on the type of object that the graphical element represents (see Amadio paragraph [0035]; "with the present invention the relevant properties that are displayed in slot 508 are specific to that item type. That is, depending on the item type, different properties will be displayed in slot 508", the filename is a property that might be determined to be irrelevant to the display of image files); for each graphical element of the plurality of graphical elements whose filename is displayed with the graphical element when the graphical element is rendered, rendering the graphical element and

the filename on the graphical user interface (see Amadio paragraph [0035]; "with the present invention the relevant properties that are displayed in slot 508 are specific to that item type. That is, depending on the item type, different properties will be displayed in slot 508", files in which the filename is determined to be a relevant property will have the filename displayed); and for each graphical element of the plurality of graphical elements whose filename is not to be displayed with the graphical element when the graphical element is rendered, rendering the graphical element, but not the filename, on the graphical user interface (see Amadio paragraph [0035]; "with the present invention the relevant properties that are displayed in slot 508 are specific to that item type. That is, depending on the item type, different properties will be displayed in slot 508", files in which the filename is determined to be an irrelevant property will not have the filename displayed). Amadio does not explicitly teach for each graphical element of the plurality of graphical elements whose filename is not to be displayed with the graphical element when the graphical element is rendered, adjusting the alignment of the plurality of graphical elements on the graphical user interface to reduce the amount of space occupied by the plurality of graphical elements. Sullivan teaches adjusting the graphical elements on the graphical user interface to reduce the amount of space occupied by the graphical elements when rows are hidden (see Sullivan column 8 lines 1-5; "changing the values of this table's Visible and Row fields will cause header rows to become visible or hidden and will shift the visible ones up or down on the screen"). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to shift the rows of file icons upward when information is hidden as taught by Sullivan in

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the invention of Amadio for the purpose of reducing wasted space in the graphical user interface.

Regarding claim 2, Amadio/Sullivan teaches that the at least one graphical element is an icon (see Amadio Figure 2).

Regarding claim 3, Amadio/Sullivan teaches that determining if a filename is or is not to be displayed with a graphical element on the graphical user interface is based upon a type of data associated with a component of the filename (see Amadio paragraph [0035]; "with the present invention the relevant properties that are displayed in slot 508 are specific to that item type. That is, depending on the item type, different properties will be displayed in slot 508", the filename is a property that might be determined to be irrelevant to the display of image files).

Regarding claim 4, Amadio/Sullivan teaches that the filename is not to be displayed if the data associated with the component of the filename is image data (see Amadio paragraph [0035]; "with the present invention the relevant properties that are displayed in slot 508 are specific to that item type. That is, depending on the item type, different properties will be displayed in slot 508", the filename is a property that might be determined to be irrelevant to the display of image data).

Regarding claim 5, Amadio/Sullivan teaches that the filename is not to be displayed if the data associated with the component of the filename is multimedia data (see Amadio paragraph [0035]; "with the present invention the relevant properties that are displayed in slot 508 are specific to that item type. That is, depending on the item

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type, different properties will be displayed in slot 508", the filename is a property that might be determined to be irrelevant to the display of multimedia data).

Regarding claim 6, Amadio/Sullivan teaches that determining if the filename is or is not to be displayed on the graphical user interface is based upon an attribute of the filename (see Amadio paragraph [0035]; "with the present invention the relevant properties that are displayed in slot 508 are specific to that item type. That is, depending on the item type, different properties will be displayed in slot 508", the filename is often used to determine the file type).

Regarding claim 7, Amadio/Sullivan teaches that the filename is not to be displayed if the filename is determined to be a machine generated file name (see Amadio paragraph [0035]; "with the present invention the relevant properties that are displayed in slot 508 are specific to that item type. That is, depending on the item type, different properties will be displayed in slot 508", the file type is capable of being machine generated).

Regarding claim 8, Amadio/Sullivan teaches that the filename is not to be displayed if the filename has a filename extension related to multimedia files (see Amadio paragraph [0035]; "with the present invention the relevant properties that are displayed in slot 508 are specific to that item type. That is, depending on the item type, different properties will be displayed in slot 508", the filename is often used to determine the file type, which can be multimedia or non-multimedia).

Regarding claim 9, Amadio/Sullivan teaches that the filename is not to be displayed if the filename extension relates to one of image, video and audio (see

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Amadio paragraph [0035]; "with the present invention the relevant properties that are displayed in slot 508 are specific to that item type. That is, depending on the item type, different properties will be displayed in slot 508", the filename is a property that might be determined to be irrelevant to the display of image, video, and audio file types).

Regarding claim 11, Amadio/Sullivan teaches that when the plurality of graphical elements whose filenames are not to be displayed are rendered, adjusting at least a row of the plurality of graphical elements whose filenames are not to be displayed so that the graphical elements are proximately closer to one another as compared to a positioning of the graphical elements whose filenames are to be displayed (see Sullivan column 8 lines 1-5; "changing the values of this table's Visible and Row fields will cause header rows to become visible or hidden and will shift the visible ones up or down on the screen", shifting the rows upward make the rows of graphical elements proximately closer to one another).

Regarding claim 12, Amadio/Sullivan teaches shifting a row of graphical elements whose filenames are to be displayed vertically upward, the shifting of the row being possible as a result of the filenames being absent from the graphical elements whose file names are not to be displayed (see Sullivan column 8 lines 1-5; "changing the values of this table's Visible and Row fields will cause header rows to become visible or hidden and will shift the visible ones up or down on the screen").

Claim 13 recites a system with substantially the same limitations as the method of claim 1. Amadio further teaches that the invention can be practiced on a system comprising a processing unit, memory, and a display, as recited in the claims of the

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instant application (see Amadio paragraph [0021]; "The invention is operational with numerous other general purpose or special purpose computing system environments including, personal computers, server computers, hand-held or laptop devices, multiprocessor systems, microprocessor-based systems, set top boxes, programmable consumer electronics, network PCs, minicomputers, mainframe computers, distributed computing environments that include any of the above systems or devices, and the like"). Therefore, claim 13 is rejected under the same rationale.

Regarding claim 14, Amadio/Sullivan teaches that the system is one of a computer, a personal digital assistant, a mobile device and an information device (see Amadio paragraph [0021]; "The invention is operational with numerous other general purpose or special purpose computing system environments including, personal computers, server computers, hand-held or laptop devices, multiprocessor systems, microprocessor-based systems, set top boxes, programmable consumer electronics, network PCs, minicomputers, mainframe computers, distributed computing environments that include any of the above systems or devices, and the like").

Claims 15-21 recite a system with substantially the same limitations as the method of claims 2, 3, 5, 9, 7, 11, and 12, respectively. Therefore, the claims are rejected under the same rationale.

Claim 22 recites an article of manufacture with substantially the same limitations as claim 1. Therefore, claim 22 is rejected under the same rationale.

Claim 23 recites a method with substantially the same limitations as claim 12.

Therefore, claim 23 is rejected under the same rationale.

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Response to Arguments

The Drawings submitted June 12, 2007 are accepted by the examiner.

Accordingly, all objections to the Drawings are withdrawn.

Claim 12 has been amended to correct a minor informality. Accordingly, the objection of claim 12 is withdrawn.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-9 and 11-23 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Amadio teaches a display of icons representing files that shows only relevant information depending on the file type represented. Sullivan teaches shifting graphical elements upward when certain information is hidden from view.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

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mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen Alvesteffer whose telephone number is (571) 270-1295. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:30AM-6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca can be reached on (571)272-4048. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Stephen Alvesteffer Examiner Art Unit 2173

11-21-2007

TADESSE HAILU PRIMARY EXAMINER